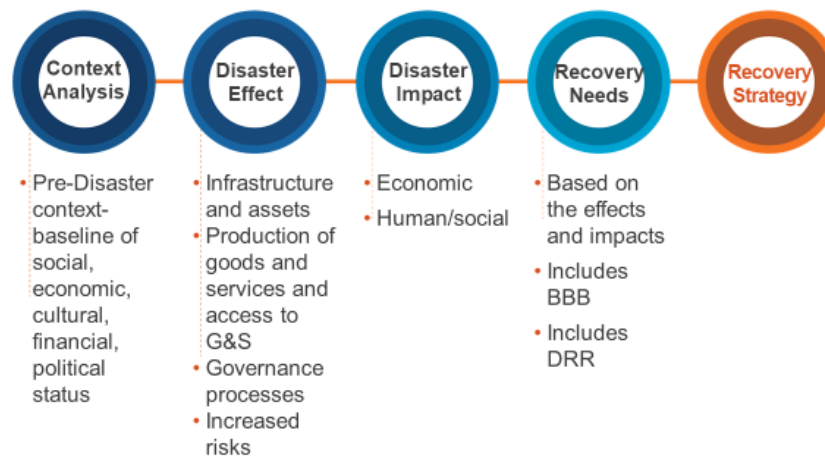


## Gender-Responsive Budgeting: A Tool for Financing Gender Equality Commitments

*Applying Gender Budget Analysis  
Tools / Approaches in a Post-Disaster Context*

### The PDNA Process



**Source: PDNA Guidelines**

#### **Tool 1: Gender Aware Assessments**

- All gender-responsive budgeting exercises commence with an analysis of the context from a gender perspective.
- In a post-disaster context, it is of critical importance to ensure the Post-Disaster Needs Assessment (PDNA) rigorously assesses the differential impacts of the disaster on women and men and boys and girls. *Gender is particularly important, because women and men have different resources available to them and different coping strategies.*
- The assessment should focus on the most-vulnerable, including female-headed households, children, orphans, the landless, people with special needs, youth and the elderly, with a gender perspective.

#### **Key Takeaway Point:**

*During the Post Disaster Needs Assessment, it is necessary to apply a gender analysis throughout, ensuring that data disaggregated by sex and age are collected and assessed.*

## **Tool/Approach 2: Gender Responsive Strategic Planning and Costing**

The Recovery Strategy forms part of the PDNA. The Recovery Strategy should ensure that the different needs of women and men and boys and girls are met in an equitable manner, and:

- Ensure inclusiveness, including from a gender perspective, national ownership and leadership
- Substantive partnership with civil society, including women’s groups, donors, development partners and NGOs
- Maintain synergies with humanitarian actions and development goals
- Ensure synergies with national planning and budgeting processes
- Ensure alignment with national gender policy and programme priorities
- Identify specific actions within Sector Recovery Strategies to “build back better” (BBB) and ensure vulnerable groups equitably benefit from this process and are not marginalised
  - The outcomes and outputs of the overall Recovery Strategy and the Sector Recovery Strategies should be developed to achieve measurable gender equality results.
  - Gender equality indicators to track progress on outcomes and outputs should be developed.
  - Activities to eliminate gender-based disparities and to promote and achieve gender equality should be identified and costed.

**Source: Adapted from PDNA Guidelines**

### **Key Takeaway Points:**

- *The development of the Recovery Strategy / Sector Recovery Strategies should be an inclusive process and involve partnership with, and input from, the national gender equality machinery, women’s groups and gender equality advocates.*
- *The results of the PDNA should identify actions and yield recommendations to reduce and/or eliminate gender disparities in order to ensure that the different needs of women and men and children are comprehensively and equitably addressed.*
- *The above actions to promote gender equality should be reflected in the Post Disaster Recovery Strategy/Sector Recovery Strategies and costed.*

### **Tool 3: The Gender Budget Statement**

Prior to each fiscal year, Line Ministries submit requests to the Ministry of Finance for funding. As a way to integrate gender equality into national planning and budgeting systems, Gender Budget Statements can accompany these budget submissions. Gender Budget Statements are used to monitor the implementation of government activities as well as their progress towards achieving gender equality.

#### **Sample Gender Budget Statement Format**

***Institution: Ministry/District***

Programme Name:					
Gender Interventions: <i>Name of the Intervention (Minimum of xxxx)</i>					
<i>Gender Situational Analysis</i>					
<i>Gender Interventions</i>	<i>Outcomes</i>	<i>Outputs</i>	<i>Indicator, Baseline &amp; Target</i>	<i>Allocated Budget</i>	<i>Gender Interventions</i>

***Source: Adapted from the Gender Budget Statement Template of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning – Republic of Rwanda***